### **On the Road to RAIDIX 4.5** Re-defining Data Storage Performance



Webinar 18.04.2017

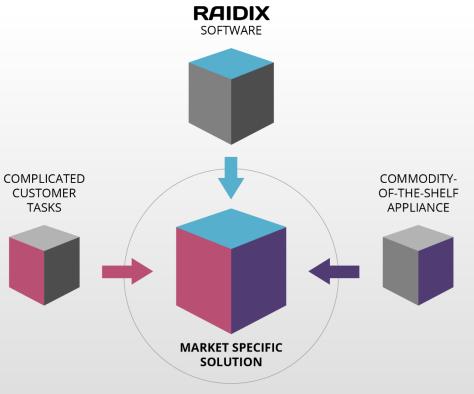
**Victor Abramov** Chief Technical Officer, RAIDIX

### WHAT IS RAIDIX?

RAIDIX is a developer of innovative high performance data storage software

### **Benefits and advantages**

- Professional storage for performance and reliability sensitive applications
- Address specific needs of end-users
- Increased R&D capabilities



# **RAIDIX IN A NUTSHELL**

In-house **Established** 30 +**Research** in Lab 2009 countries on the client map **Global technology** 70+ 10 +and business partners specialists technology on the team patents



# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### **Block storage**

- Fibre Channel
- Infiniband
- SAS Target
- iSCSI-target

### NAS

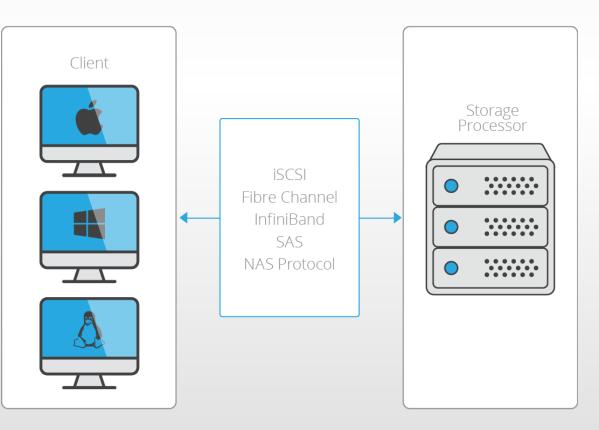
- CIFS (SMB)
- NFSv3
- AFP
- FTP

### Supported RAID levels

- RAID 0
- RAID 10
- RAID 5
- RAID 6
- RAID 7.3
- RAID N+M

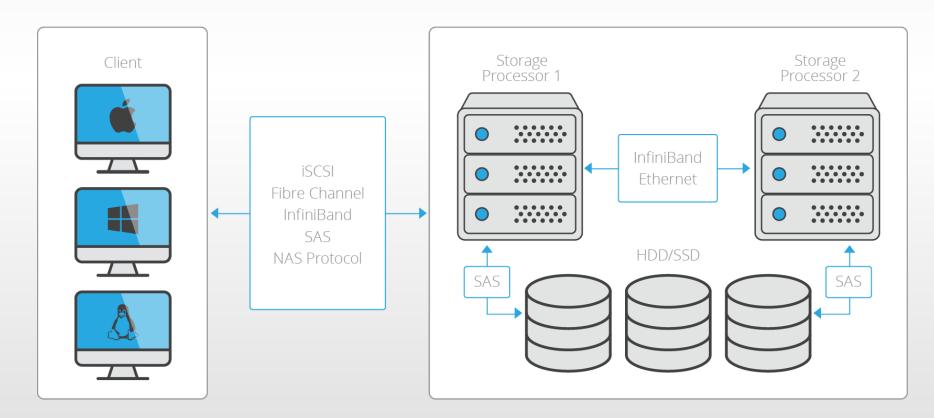


# **System architecture:** single controller





### **System architecture:** dual controller





# **RAIDIX 4th gen Highlights**

Dual-controller data storage system

Multiple parity high performance RAIDs (6, 7.3, N+M)

SAN and NAS support

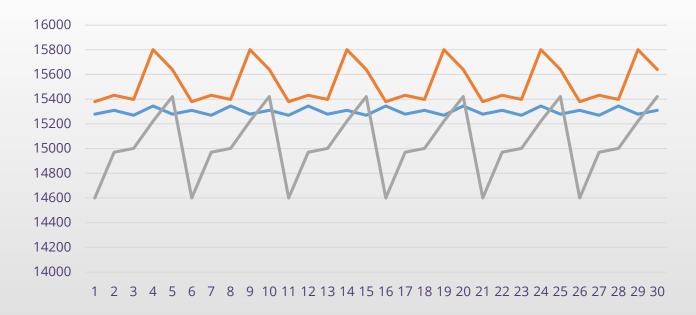
Performance at 200+ K IOps, throughput at 15+ GB/s in a multi-stream mode (configuration?!)



# What is RAIDIX 4.0 all about?

RAIDIX ensures sustainable record performance up to 25 GB/s per core when writing on RAID 7.3 and RAID N+M.

Performance remains unhindered even when multiple disks fail.





# **Challenges and goals for 4.5**

### **Functional:**

- Hybrid (HDD/SSD) infrastructure satisfying various business tasks
- Improved support for extreme sequential workloads
- Consolidation and scalability of third-party systems

### **Business:**

- Optimized hardware utilization for specific performance [] lower TCO
- Cost-efficient upgrade of existing infrastructures

# What's new in RAIDIX 4.5?

In a nutshell:

**SSD (L2) cache** — top performance showings on reading and writing with small blocks.

**Volume scalability** — easy extension of existing infrastructures.

**Advanced multi-threading** — efficient read ahead for sequential workloads.

**SAN storage optimization** — consolidating third party storage systems into a unified virtual infrastructure.

# SSD (L2) caching

#### Top performance showings on reading and writing with small blocks

Request Classifier identifies workloads as 'random' or 'sequential' to optimize further request handling in both scenarios.

#### **Read caching**

- Random read > RAM (L1) cache
- Most demanded pages > RAM L1 cache
- Frequently read pages > SSD L2 cache
- Seldom-requested cache pages > evicted from the cache

RAIDIX uses a proprietary algorithm for cache eviction.

SSD (L2) caching is **always sequential** to reduce SSD wearing.

#### Write caching

Random write requests — evicted from RAM onto SSD

Data transfer from SSD to HDD is performed in a an optimized for HDD way

# **Advanced multi-threading**

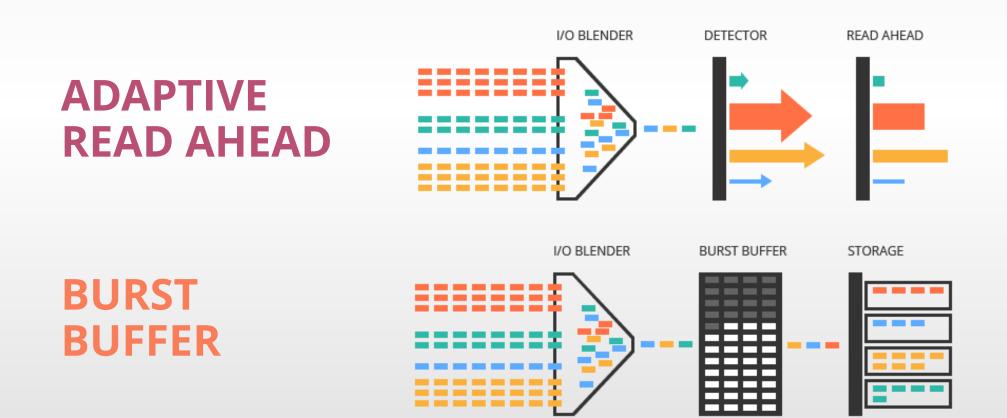
### Efficient Read Ahead for sequential workloads

- Read Ahead functionality for sequential read operations. The in-built Sequence Detector can identify up to 100 threads simultaneously and proactively allocate data in the memory.
- Block size for Read Ahead is adjusted adaptively to avoid redundant caching.

### How does it work?



## **Advanced multi-threading**

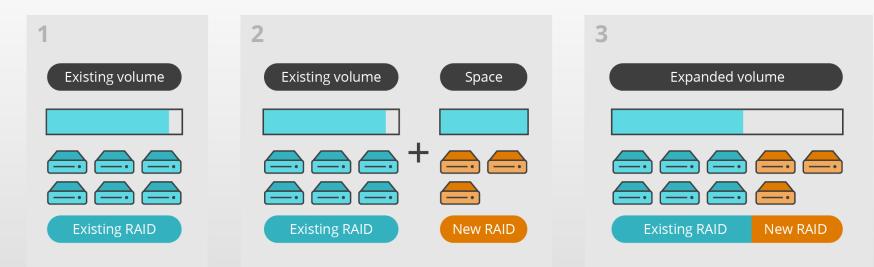




# **Volume scalability**

### Easy extension of existing infrastructures

During configuration, a virtual volume can be placed on top of multiple RAIDs. RAIDIX allows the user to extend volume capacity by adding new arrays to the infrastructure.





# SAN storage optimization

Consolidating third party storage systems into a unified virtual infrastructure

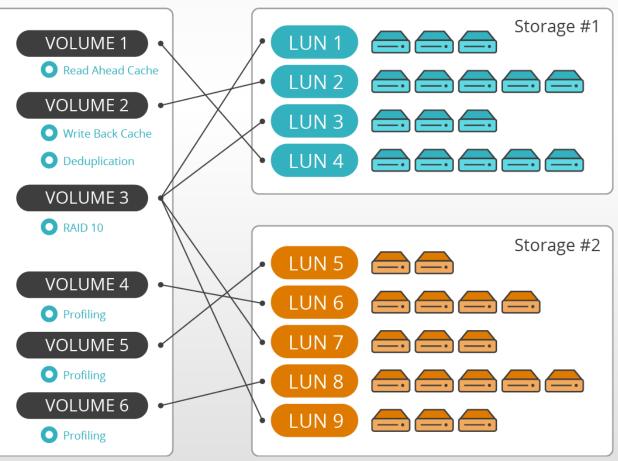
- Third-party block storage systems accessible via SAN are available in RAIDIX as usual resource.
- Storage resources can be forwarded directly via RAIDIX or used in a unified resource pool for creating RAIDIX volumes and RAIDs.

#### What's the benefit?

- Provides a single access point to all storage resources, ensuring greater flexibility
- Boosts performance of the existing storage infrastructure due to caching and random request optimization
- Cuts down on storage resource load due to data deduplication
- Performs in-depth analysis of how applications interact with storage resources, so you can fine-tune the parameters where necessary.

## **SAN storage optimization**

**RAIDIX 4.5** 





### **NEXT STEPS**

Interested in Beta Testing? Give us a shout at <u>request@raidix.com</u>

Add RAIDIX to your product line

**Employ RAIDIX for solving specific storage tasks** 



### Thanks for your attention! Any questions? Let me know!

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